The Book of Judges THE MARVELOUS ROMANCE OF RUTH AND BOAZ / PART TWO April 5, 2017

Session 11

1	Tonight we continue this charming and romantic story between a woman from Moab -
2	Ruth - and a well-to-do Jewish farmer named Boaz. The saga takes place during the
3	time of the judges: Ruth 1:1 Now it came to pass in the days when the judges ruled,
4	that there was a famine in the land. And a certain man of Bethlehemjudah went to
5	sojourn in the country of Moab, he, and his wife, and his two sons. Even in those
6	chaotic years of violence, defeat and spiritual apostasy, there was a bright light. That
7	bright light was Ruth.
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9	REVIEW: Years before she ever moved to Bethlehem and met Boaz, another family
10	had left Bethlehem (because of a famine) and moved around the Dead Sea to the land of
11	Moab. That was the family of Elimelech and his wife Naomi. They had two sons,
12	Mahlon and Chilion. Once settled in Moab, the family did rather well in their foreign
13	land. The two boys grew up and married two Moabite women, Orpah and Ruth. Then
14	events turned bleak for the family. Elimelech, Mahlon and Chilion all died, leaving the
15	three women widows. When news reached Naomi that the famine was over in
16	Bethlehem, she decided to pack up and return. One of her daughters-in-law, Orpah,
17	stayed behind, but Ruth followed her mother-in-law to Israel and Bethlehem. Truly one
18	of the great statements in all Holy Writ came from the lips of Ruth: Ruth 1:16 And
19	Ruth said, Intreat me not to leave thee, or to return from following after thee: for
20	whither thou goest, I will go; and where thou lodgest, I will lodge: thy people shall be
21	my people, and thy God my God.
22	Determine to Dethick are with Near Dethication and of the areat consologies of all times
23	Returning to Bethlehem with Naomi, Ruth set up one of the great genealogies of all time
24	as recorded by Matthew: Matthew 1:5-6 And Salmon begat Booz (Boaz) of Rachab
25	(Rahab); and Booz begat Obed of Ruth; and Obed begat Jesse; [6] And Jesse begat
26	David the king; and David the king begat Solomon of her that had been the wife of Urias (Uriah); This Moabite maiden Ruth became the ancestress of not only King
27	Urias (Uriah); This Moabite maiden Ruth became the ancestress of not only King David, but the Messiah, Jesus Christ.
28 29	David, but the Messian, Jesus Christ.
	Back in Bethlehem, Naomi and Ruth had to subsist on something, and Ruth became a
30 31	"gleaner" in the fields of Boaz (same place as the shepherds' fields). What was a
32	gleaner? Deut. 24:19 When thou cuttest down thine harvest in thy field, and hast
33	forgot a sheaf in the field, thou shalt not go again to fetch it: it shall be for the
34	stranger, for the fatherless, and for the widow: that the Lord thy God may bless thee
35	in all the work of thine hands. God provided a way for widows or poor folks to live
55	and that the data of thinked attended. Out provided a may for made no or poor teller to inve

from the fields of well-off farmers or ranchers. Their harvesters would leave as much as a third of the crop unharvested. The poor were allowed to come into those fields after harvest and "glean" as much as they needed for food.

Naomi had a relative named Boaz who had one of those fields just outside Bethlehem. Ruth 2:1-4 And Naomi had a kinsman of her husband's, a mighty man of wealth, of the family of Elimelech; and his name was Boaz. [2] And Ruth the Moabitess said unto Naomi, Let me now go to the field, and glean ears of corn after him in whose sight I shall find grace. And she said unto her, Go, my daughter. [3] And she went, and came, and gleaned in the field after the reapers: and her hap was to light on a part of the field belonging unto Boaz, who was of the kindred of Elimelech. [4] And behold, Boaz came from Bethlehem, and said unto the reapers, The Lord be with you. And they answered him, The Lord bless thee.

That's as far as we got last week; now we continue this great story from Ruth chapter 2.

Then said Boaz unto his servant that was set over the reapers, Whose Ruth 2:5-12 damsel is this? [6] And the servant that was set over the reapers answered and said, It is the Moabitish damsel that came back with Naomi out of the country of Moab: [7] And she said, I pray you, let me glean and gather after the reapers among the sheaves: so she came, and hath continued even from the morning until now, that she tarried a little in the house. [8] Then said Boaz unto Ruth, Hearest thou not, my daughter? Go not to glean in another field, neither go from hence, but abide here fast by my maidens: [9] Let thine eyes be on the field that they do reap, and go thou after them: have I not charged the young men that they shall not touch thee? and when thou art athirst, go unto the vessels, and drink of that which the young men have drawn. [10] Then she fell on her face, and bowed herself to the ground, and said unto him, Why have I found grace in thine eyes, that thou shouldest take knowledge of me, seeing I am a stranger? [11] And Boaz answered and said unto her, It hath fully been shewed me, all that thou hast done unto thy mother in law since the death of thine husband: and how thou hast left thy father and thy mother, and the land of thy nativity, and art come unto a people which thou knewest not heretofore. [12] The Lord recompense thy work, and a full reward be given thee of the Lord God of Israel, under whose wings thou art come to trust.

Verse 5 amuses me. Boaz got to the fields later the first day Ruth was gleaning there and he saw this young widow and asked, "Whose damsel is this?" Listen....that's King James for, "Whoa....where did this gal come from?" It almost appears to me that Boaz fell for Ruth at first sight.

 I don't know how old Boaz and Ruth were. But apparently some romantic sparks flew here and in due time they were married.

The Importance Of This Little Book

Without this little book of Ruth, it would be hard to connect the house of David with the tribe of Judah. It is an important link in the chain of Scripture that begins with Genesis and goes right down to that stable in Bethlehem and to the cross, to the crown, and to the throne of David on which our Lord will someday be seated.

I am drawn to verse 9: Ruth 2:9 ".... have I not charged the young men that they shall not touch thee? and when thou art athirst, go unto the vessels, and drink of that which the young men have drawn."

Boaz is a gentleman. He knows how to treat a lady! He not only provides food for Ruth, but PROTECTION.

Just a personal note here: There is one area in which I am very guilty of discrimination. I cannot abide men who treat women badly! Who do not provide (dead-beat husbands and fathers) for their family. I was asked sometime ago, "Pastor, what do you think of Christian men who hit their wives?" I replied, "There is no such a persons as a Christian man who hits a woman! They are pagans, going to Hell!" A man who would strike a woman is a sissy. A coward. A brute.

There was once a day when men treated women kindly. With manners. Who spoke softly to their wives. Who opened doors for them. Who seated them at the table. Who said, "Thank you." Who showed affection (not just sexual attraction, but true love for their mates.) Note what Boaz told Ruth: "I have given orders to my staff that you are welcome to glean in my field. But not only that.....I have ordered that you will not be harassed, insulted, hurt or harmed in any manner whatsoever!" Boaz wrapped Ruth in a cloak of protection! That's what any decent Christian man would do.

Look at Ruth's response: Ruth 2:10 Then she fell on her face, and bowed herself to the ground, and said unto him, Why have I found grace in thine eyes, that thou shouldest take knowledge of me, seeing I am a stranger? Wow....she was overwhelmed by this gentleman! Want to impress your wife? Your girl friend? Be a gentleman. Act like you knew something about manners....about appreciation....about true affection.

There is another factor here that should be noted: Ruth was a foreigner, of a different race and background. That was never an issue to Boaz. Nor should it be to any follower of Christ. Galatians 3:28 There is neither Jew nor Greek, there is neither bond nor free, there is neither male nor female: for ye are all one in Christ Jesus.

I am very thankful that I never heard a discriminating word from my father or mother - ever. My brother and I were taught that we are all human beings, created in the image of God. Racial discrimination is a sin against our Creator. To set aside someone simply on the basis of color or nationality is an affront to Scripture and to God.

Ruth was overwhelmed at this man Boaz. Ruth 2:10 Then she fell on her face, and bowed herself to the ground, and said unto him, Why have I found grace in thine eyes, that thou shouldest take knowledge of me, seeing I am a stranger?

The late and truly great songwriter Rusty Goodman wrote in 1969:

When I think of how He came so far from Glory/
Came to dwell among the lowly, such as I/
To suffer shame and such disgrace/
On Mount Calvary take my place/
Then I ask myself this question, Who am I?

Who am I that a King should bleed and die for/
Who am I that He would pray, "Not my will - thine" for?

The answer I may never know

Why He ever loved me so/

But to that old rugged cross He'd go

For who am I?

As Ruth, we ask the Lord, "Why have we found grace in thine eyes...that thou should take knowledge of me?" In our case.... "seeing I am a sinner...." Romans 5:8 **But God commendeth his love toward us, in that, while we were yet sinners, Christ died for us.** Ruth was a stranger, an outcast. Boaz received her with love and compassion. That is what Jesus has done for us. We are sinners, in rebellion against God. But despite that, God loves us.

Boaz replied to Ruth's question by reciting her faithfulness to Naomi and her family. She had become the subject of a lot of conversation around that little town of Bethlehem - all of it good, apparently. The townspeople were amazed by her. But there is yet another line from Boaz that spotlights this amazing woman from Moab:

According to verse 12, Ruth had come to be a follower of God. Ruth 2:12 The Lord recompense thy work, and a full reward be given thee of the Lord God of Israel, under whose wings thou art come to trust.

Ruth had turned from the idolatry she knew in Moab to trust God. The first commandment turns us to worship of God alone and there is a reward for that — a reward in so many ways. Now note Ruth's response: Ruth 2:13 Then she said, Let me find favour in thy sight, my lord; for that thou hast comforted me, and for that thou hast spoken friendly unto thine handmaid, though I be not like unto one of thine handmaidens.

I love that last line: "though I be not like unto one of thine handmaidens...." Ruth was not a prisoner of "peer pressure." She did not object to being "different." She said she was not like the other women and that apparently was just fine with her. There is a multitude of people today going to Hell because they are afraid to step out of the "herd instinct," so called by sociologists.

THE HERD INSTINCT

Minoring in sociology at Missouri State University ages ago I heard so much about this phenomenon known as "the herd instinct." What is it? It is a mentality characterized by a lack of individual decision-making or thoughtfulness, causing people to think and act in the same way as the majority of those around them. It relates to instances in which individuals gravitate to the same or similar ideas as others. Humans naturally want to belong to a community, a group of people with shared cultured and socio-economic or moral ideas. You know the line, "Well....others are doing it...."

Even in high school I could never buy into this instinct. Why not? I had enough sense to know my peers in school were never going to pay my rent, buy my gasoline, get my food, etc. So I honestly didn't care a whole lot about what they were doing or thinking. I must say I did not feel weird or "left out" because of this. So I did not smoke (tried one once and almost got physically sick) because I understood the habit could destroy my body. I never drank because I thought the stuff stank to high heaven. Never gambled because I worked too hard for my pay to lose it on the pull of a card or the throw of dice. So what if others did it.

I feel sorry for those who are pulled by this herd instinct. Unless you are following Christ and He is your role model, the herd mentality is certainly limiting and harmful, let alone often fatal. RUTH WAS NOT RULED BY THE HERD INSTINCT.

 Ruth 2:17 So she gleaned in the field until even, and beat out that she had gleaned: and it was about an ephah of barley.

An "ephah" was about a bushel. That doesn't sound like much, but back in Ruth's day it was a pretty fair day's income. Barley is a member of the grass family and is used for soups, stews, various beverages, etc. Currently about 150 million tons of it are grown annually.

THE LAW OF THE "KINSMAN REDEEMER"

Ruth 2:18-20 And she took it up, and went into the city (Bethlehem): and her mother in law saw what she had gleaned: and she brought forth, and gave to her that she had reserved after she was sufficed. [19] And her mother in law said unto her, Where hast thou gleaned to day? and where wroughtest thou? blessed be he that did take knowledge of thee. And she shewed her mother in law with whom she had wrought, and said, The man's name with whom I wrought to day is Boaz. [20] And Naomi said unto her daughter in law, Blessed be he of the Lord, who hath not left off his kindness to the living and to the dead. And Naomi said unto her, The man is near of kin unto us, one of our next kinsmen.

Very early in Jewish history, God had ordained certain civil laws meant for the welfare and betterment of poor people and/or widows. Leviticus 25 teaches us about these laws.

Boaz was related to Naomi's late husband Elimelech. It is probable that Elimelech's father and Boaz's father were brothers, which would make Boaz a cousin to Ruth's first husband, Mahlon who died in Moab. So Naomi informed Ruth that this wonderful man Boaz was a relative, a kinsman.

In those days, land was not bought and sold the way we would do it today. Leviticus 25:23-24 The land shall not be sold for ever: for the land is mine; for ye are strangers and sojourners with me. [24] And in all the land of your possession ye shall grant a redemption for the land. The Living Bible helps us here: Leviticus 25:23-24 And remember, the land is mine, so you may not sell it permanently. You are merely my tenants and sharecroppers! [24] "In every contract of sale there must be a stipulation that the land can be redeemed at any time by the seller.

Note carefully the phrase in verse 23: God said, THE LAND IS MINE! It still is, by the way. The land of Israel belongs to God and Him alone.

When God put the people of Abraham and Jacob into the land of Israel, He did it

according to tribes. On the following page, you will find a map of Israel, showing those 1

tribal land designations. Each family within the tribe had dedicated plots. 2

large, they were lifetime designations. If the head of the family became impoverished 3

for some reason, such as several years running of crop failure, he could "sell it" to

someone on a 50 year mortgage. During the "Year of Jubilee" all contracts were 5

cancelled and the property reverted to the former owner. Probably the original owner

had died; but the property would revert to his "next of kin", whether son or whomever.

But suppose - since a 50 year contract is a long, long time - the impoverished farmer had 8

a rich cousin who wanted to help him. That rich cousin could come right in and pay off

the mortgage and return the property to the "poor" owner.

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This law of "kinsman redeemer" applied not only to property but to persons as well.

Again from the Living Bible: Leviticus 25:47-48 "If a foreigner living among you

becomes rich, and an Israelite becomes poor and sells himself to the foreigner or to

the foreigner's family, [48] he may be redeemed by one of his brothers...."

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Suppose some poor fellow in old Israel had a string of bad luck and needed money

desperately. He could sell himself into slavery. But again....the Year of Jubilee would

be years away when he would be free again. Hence he would probably die as a slave.

But suppose he had a rich relative who approached the slave owner and paid off the

contract. He would be "redeemed" and free.

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Isn't that what Jesus did for us? We say, "Jesus is our REDEEMER." We use the

word REDEMPTION. But in order for us to be "redeemed," someone had to pay the

price for it. Jesus did that on the cross.

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As we will see, there was a closer relative to Naomi than Boaz. This person had the

opportunity to take action in Ruth's case, but he turned it down. He did not love Ruth. 28 29

Boaz did. God did not HAVE to redeem us; He did it out of eternal love. Our

salvation is really a great love story. How this all resolves will unravel in the next

chapter and study.

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Ruth 2:21-23 And Ruth the Moabitess said, He said unto me also, Thou shalt keep

fast by my young men, until they have ended all my harvest. [22] And Naomi said

unto Ruth her daughter in law, It is good, my daughter, that thou go out with his

maidens, that they meet thee not in any other field. [23] So she kept fast by the

maidens of Boaz to glean unto the end of barley harvest and of wheat harvest; and

dwelt with her mother in law. 38

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The plot "thickens" next week

